

LESSON :5 SOURCES OF WATER

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. _____ is the purest form of natural water.
2. Higher parts of mountains are covered with _____.
3. _____ is the main source of water on earth.
4. Impure water is full of _____ and _____.
5. Water is _____ and _____ to make it fit for drinking.
6. The change of water into _____ due to heating is called evaporation.
7. When water vapour condenses on cold objects _____ is formed.
8. Oceans cover more than _____ of the earth's surface.
9. Evaporation is faster when the air is _____.
10. _____ are used in places where electricity is not available or where people cannot afford to use electricity.
11. Water evaporates faster when the _____ is high.
12. Water evaporates faster when the exposed _____ is large.

13. When water vapour condenses on cold objects like grass
_____ is formed.

14. Water vapour freezes in air , it forms crystals of ice called

15. During winter water vapour condenses on the dust particles in the
air to form clouds close to the ground are called_____

16. Water changes into water vapour due to heat is
called_____

17. The process of water vapour changes into water due to cooling is
called _____

18 Water that goes into the ground is called_____.

LESSON :7 TEETH AND TONGUE

I. Fill in the blanks:

- 1) _____ help us in biting and chewing food.
- 2) By the age of three the child has a set of _____ teeth.
- 3) Number of premolars in each jaw _____.
- 4) Adults have a set of _____teeth.
- 5) Our teeth grow out of our soft pink _____.
- 6) The portion of tooth inside the gum is called the _____.
- 7) The stuck food rots and the teeth get covered with a thin sticky layer of germs called_____.
- 8) The plaque reacts with the sugar present in the food to produce _____.
- 9) _____ causes holes or cavities in the enamel.
- 10) _____ help the teeth to grow straight.
- 11) _____removes the food that cannot be removed by brushing.
- 12)Sweets and chocolates should be avoided because they _____ our teeth.
- 13)The last four teeth which come out between the age of 20 to 30 are called _____teeth.

II. Name the following

1. The hard, strong and bony structures fixed firmly in the upper and lower jaws. _____
2. The portion of the tooth seen above the gum. _____
3. The outer white covering of tooth. _____
4. Teeth which help in tearing food. _____
5. The hardest material in the human body. _____

III. True or False

1. Premolars are also called cracking teeth. (_____)
2. The main part of the tooth is called pulp. (_____)
3. Incisors are also called grinding teeth. (_____)
4. Permanent teeth are also called milk teeth. (_____)
5. We should visit a dentist every six months. (_____)

IV. Match the following:

A	B
1. Incisors	20
2. Canines	32
3. Molars	2 in each jaw
4. Milk teeth	4 in each jaw
5. Permanent teeth	6 in each jaw

LESSON 11 - PEOPLE AT WORK

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. The work people do is called their _____.
2. A gardener uses a _____ to remove unwanted plants.
3. A _____ repairs scooters and motorcycles.
4. A carpenter uses a _____ to cut wood and a _____ to make holes in the wood.
5. An _____ fits wires, switches, bulbs and fans.
6. The full form of ITI is _____.

II. Match the following:

A

1. First woman Prime Minister of India.
2. First woman President of India.
3. First Indian woman to go into Space.
4. First woman IPS officer.
5. First Indian woman to climb Mount Everest.

B

- Bachendri Pal.
Kiran Bedi.
Indira Gandhi.
Kalpana Chawla.
Prathiba Patil.

LESSON 12 – PLANTS AND THEIR CARE

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. The part of a plant that is below the surface of earth is called _____.
2. The roots that store food are called _____ roots.
3. The part of the plant that grows above the ground is called _____.
4. The most beautiful part of a plant is _____.
5. _____ fix the plant firmly to the ground.
6. The onion we eat is an underground _____.
7. We eat _____ of a radish plant.

II. Name the following

1. Two plants that have tap root system _____.
2. Two plants that have fibrous root system _____.
3. Two plants that have underground modified stems
_____.
4. Two flowering plants _____.
5. Two types of root systems _____.

III.TRUE OR FALSE

1. We should cut down trees. (_____)
2. Vana Mahotsava is a festival of trees. (_____)
3. Fir and pine trees grow in cold hilly areas. (_____)
4. The flowers produce fruits and seeds. (_____)
5. Sweet potato is underground modified stem. (_____)

IV. Match the following:

A

1. Cherry
2. Shisham
3. Pine
4. Ginger

B

- modified stem
- hilly areas
- flowering trees
- wood

LESSON :13 – WORLD OF FLOWERS

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. When buds open, they bloom into _____.
2. Seeds germinate and grow into _____
3. _____ is made by drying parts of crocus flowers.
4. _____ is the male part of flower.
5. _____ is the female part of flower.
6. Dahlia blooms during the _____ season.
7. Flowers bring colour and _____ to our lives.
8. Flowers wither and change into _____

II. Name the following

1. Two non flowering plants

2. Four main parts of flower.

3. Two flowers used to make colours.

III. Match the following:

- | | |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) Sepals | flask shaped structure () |
| (2) Petals | pollen () |
| (3) Stamen | protect flower () |
| (4) Carpel | attractive part of flower () |

LESSON -14 ANIMALS IN TRANSPORT

Fill in the blanks:

1. The _____ is known as the ship of the desert.
2. _____ help to move heavy logs from one place to another.
3. Dogs and reindeers are used to pull wheel-less carts called _____ in snowy regions.
- 4 In early days, _____ were used in battle fields.
5. A _____ is a four wheeled luxury coach pulled by one or two horses.
6. Brave children of our country are given bravery awards on _____ day.
7. A _____ is a U-shaped structure, made of iron.

Write true or false:

1. A camel can stay without water and food for several days. _____
2. We should force the animals to work. _____
3. The invention of the wheel brought a revolution in transport. _____
4. Dogs and reindeers are used to pull sledges. _____
5. A horseshoe is made of clay. _____

Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| Camel | villages |
| Elephant | buggy |
| Horse | ship of the desert |
| Bullock cart | battle field. |

LESSON :17 REPRODUCTION IN ANIMALS

I. Fill in the blanks:

1. Egg white is also called _____.
2. Human beings are also called as _____.
3. A chick hatches out of an egg after _____ days.
4. The fully grown chick breaks the egg and comes out, is called _____.
5. The egg of a fish is called _____.
6. Reptile's eggs are warmed by the _____.
7. Shedding of skin by a baby insect is called _____.
8. Caterpillar stops eating and forms a shell called _____.
9. The process by which animals produce their young ones is called _____.
10. Animals that give birth to young ones produce milk to feed them are called _____.
11. The mother crocodile cover the egg with _____ and guard them.

II. Name the stages in the life cycle of the following animals:

1. Cockroach

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

2. Butterfly

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

3. Frog

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

III. Name the babies of the following animals:

1. Hen _____

2. Fish _____

3. Frog _____

4. Cockroach _____

5. Butterfly _____

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